

Find the isomorphisms between the finite fields

$F = \mathbb{Z}_3[y]/(y^2 + 1)$ and $G = \mathbb{Z}_3[y]/(y^2 + 2 \cdot y + 2)$ with 9 elements.

I'm using functions for the polynomials.

```
> p := 3;
   f := x -> x^2+1;
   g := x -> x^2+2*x+2;
```

```
           p:= 3
           f:= x→x2+1
           g:= x→x2+2 x+2
```

(1)

Because now I can write

```
> f(y);
   g(z);
```

```
           y2+1
           z2+2 z+2
```

(2)

By construction, $[y]$ in F is a root of $f = x^2 + 1$. The other root is $[2y]$.

We need to find the roots of $f(x)$ in G . So let's try them all.

Make sure you write $g(y)$ here, to get the polynomial in y !

```
> F := [seq( seq( a*y+b, b=0..2 ), a=0..2 )];
   for a in F do
       a, Rem( f(a), g(y), y ) mod p;
   od;
```

```
           F:= [0, 1, 2, y, y+1, y+2, 2 y, 2 y+1, 2 y+2]
           0, 1
           1, 2
           2, 2
           y, y+2
           y+1, 0
           y+2, 2 y
           2 y, y+2
           2 y+1, 2 y
           2 y+2, 0
```

(3)

There are two roots, $y+1$ and $2 \cdot y+2$ hence two isomorphisms.

```
> beta1 := y+1; beta2 := 2*y+2;
           beta1:= y+1
           beta2:= 2 y+2
```

(4)

Define $\varphi : F \rightarrow G$. You can do it this way in Maple using $:=$ which is nice.

```
> for a from 0 to 2 do
   for b from 0 to 2 do
       phi( a*y+b ) := a*beta1+b mod p;
   od
od;
```

