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> restart;
> P := x^2:
Q := x^5-3*x^4+x^3+5*x^2-6*x+2:
> sqrfree(Q);
[1, [[x^2 - 2, 1], [x - 1, 3]]]
> T := (x^2-2); k := 3; qk := x-1;
T := x^2 - 2
k := 3
qk := x - 1
> sigma*T*diff(qk,x) + tau*qk = P;
σ (x^2 - 2) + τ (x - 1) = x^2
> gcdex(T*diff(qk,x),qk,P,x,'sigma','tau');
> sigma;
-1
> tau;
2 + 2 x
> INT := sigma/qk^(k-1)/(1-k) + Int( tau/T/qk^(k-1), x ):
> Int( P/factor(Q), x ) = INT;
∫  $\frac{x^2}{(x^2 - 2)(x - 1)^3} dx = \frac{1}{2(x - 1)^2} + \int \frac{2 + 2x}{(x^2 - 2)(x - 1)^2} dx$ 
> simplify( diff(INT,x)-P/Q );
0
> P := tau;
Q := qk^(k-1)*T;
P := 2 + 2 x
Q := (x^2 - 2) (x - 1)^2
> T := (x^2-2); k := 2; qk := x-1;
T := x^2 - 2
k := 2
qk := x - 1
> gcdex(T*diff(qk,x),qk,P,x,'sigma','tau');
> sigma;
-4
> tau;
6 + 4 x
> INT := sigma/qk^(k-1)/(1-k) + Int( tau/T/qk^(k-1), x ):

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$$\left[\begin{array}{l} \text{Int(P/Q, x) = INT;} \\ \int \frac{2 + 2 x}{(x^2 - 2) (x - 1)^2} dx = \frac{4}{x - 1} + \int \frac{6 + 4 x}{(x^2 - 2) (x - 1)} dx \end{array} \right.$$