# MATH 340 Assignment 6, Fall 2007

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This assignment is due Friday November 9th at 10:30am.

Late penalty: -20% for handing in by 9:30am, Tuesday November 13th. Zero after that. For problems involving Maple please submit a printout of a Maple worksheet.

# Primitive Roots of Unity

- 1. Sketch the 12'th roots of unity in the complex plane. Circle which ones are primitive in your sketch and determine formulae for the primitive 12'th roots of unity.
- 2. Let  $\omega$  be a primitive *n*'th root of unity. For *n* even, prove that  $\omega^{n/2} = -1$ .
- 3. Let  $\omega$  be a primitive n'th root of unity. In class we proved for n even,  $\sum_{i=1}^{n} \omega^{i} = 0$  and  $\prod_{i=1}^{n} \omega^{i} = -1$ . For n odd, using Maple to assist you, determine the values of  $\sum_{i=1}^{n} \omega^{i}$  and  $\prod_{i=1}^{n} \omega^{i}$ . Now prove your results.

#### Section 2.6: Construction of Finite Fields

Exercises 1, 5, 6, 7, 9.

### Section 2.7: Extension Fields

Exercises 2, 3, 4, 5, 9.

For question 5 – show that  $x^3 - x + 1$  has no roots in GF(9).

Do question 9 – construct GF(8) – in Maple.

# Additional questions on extension fields.

- 1. Is  $\mathbb{Q}[z]/(z^3+1)$  a field? Justify your answer briefly.
- 2. Consider the field  $F = \mathbb{Q}[z]/(z^2 2)$ . What is the inverse of  $[z] \in F$ ?
- 3. Consider the field  $F = \mathbb{R}[z]/(z^2+1)$ . This field is isomorphic to another field K that we have already seen. What is K and what is the isomorphism  $\psi: F \to K$ ?