MATH 340 Assignment 6, Fall 2017

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This assignment is due Friday November 10th at 11:20am. Late penalty: -20% for handing in by 11:20am, Tuesday November 14th. Zero after that.

Section 2.8: Extension Fields

Exercises 1, 3, 4, 9, 13.

For exercises 1,3,4 use the construction $GF(9) = \mathbb{Z}_3[x]/(x^2+1)$ as shown in example 2.8.1. In exercise 3, note that the polynomial $x^9 - x$ factors as $x(x^4-1)(x^4+1)$ and x^2+x+2 is an irreducible factor of x^4+1 over \mathbb{Z}_3 .

Additional questions on extension fields and roots of unity.

- 1. Is $\mathbb{Q}[z]/(z^3+1)$ a field? Justify your answer briefly.
- 2. Consider the field $F = \mathbb{Q}[z]/(z^2 2)$. Use the extended Euclidean algorithm to find the inverse of $[z] \in F$.
- 3. Consider the field $F = \mathbb{R}[z]/(z^2 + 1)$. Let $\phi : F \to \mathbb{C}$ be the mapping given by $\phi([a + bz]) = a + bi$. Show that ϕ is isomorphism.
- 4. Sketch the 12'th roots of unity in the complex plane. Circle which ones are primitive.
- 5. Let ω be a primitive *n*'th root of unity. For *n* even, prove that $\omega^{n/2} = -1$.
- 6. What are the primitive 6'th roots of unity? Find $\phi_6(x)$ the sixth cyclotomic polynomial. See Theorem 2.8.11.

Section 2.9: Multiplicative Structure of Finite Fields

Exercises 1(ii), 2, 5.

Section 2.10: Primitive Elements

Exercises 1, 4, 5.

Using your multiplication table for GF(8) from exercise 2.8 #9, calculate the order of all elements and determine which elements are primitive.