#### Decagonal Tilings in Medieval Islamic Architecture



- Plane Tilings
- Regular Tilings
- Periodic Tilings

- Plane Tilings
- Regular Tilings
- Periodic Tilings
- Aperiodic Tilings

- Plane Tilings
- Regular Tilings
- Periodic Tilings
- Aperiodic Tilings
  - Penrose Tilings
  - Girih Tilings



#### Collection of plane figures

 Collection of plane figures
 Covers plane entirely

 Collection of plane figures
 Covers plane entirely
 No gaps or overlap

Collection of plane figures
Covers plane entirely
No gaps or overlap





## Plane tiling of congruent regular polygons















#### Tiling of the plane with translational symmetry

- Tiling of the plane with translational symmetry
- Only 2-fold, 3-fold, 4-fold and 6-fold rotational symmetry is allowed

- Tiling of the plane with translational symmetry
- Only 2-fold, 3-fold, 4-fold and 6-fold rotational symmetry is allowed



Tiling of the plane with translational symmetry

Only 2-fold, 3-fold, 4-fold and 6-fold rotational symmetry is allowed







Penrose tiling was developed by Roger Penrose in 1973

Penrose tiling was developed by Roger Penrose in 1973

Has no translational symmetry and is therefore aperiodic

Penrose tiling was developed by Roger Penrose in 1973

- Has no translational symmetry and is therefore aperiodic
- Is quasi-periodic (in physics this property is called quasi-crystalline)

#### Made up of two rhombi

## Made up of two rhombi {72, 108, 72, 108} degrees

# Made up of two rhombi {72, 108, 72, 108} degrees {36, 144, 36, 144} degrees

# Made up of two rhombi {72, 108, 72, 108} degrees {36, 144, 36, 144} degrees Only one rule: no two adjacent tiles can form a parallelogram

#### Made up of two rhombi {72, 108, 72, 108} degrees {36, 144, 36, 144} degrees Only one rule: no two adjacent tiles can form a parallelogram Ratio between number of each tiles is golden ratio









Very complex patterns that appear throughout Islamic art and architecture

 Very complex patterns that appear throughout Islamic art and architecture
 Locally display 10-fold rotational symmetry, and therefore cannot be periodic

 Very complex patterns that appear throughout Islamic art and architecture
 Locally display 10-fold rotational symmetry, and therefore cannot be periodic
 Initially thought to have been created using compass and straight edge method

Peter J. Lu at Harvard and Paul J. Steinhardt at Princeton found that Girih Tilings exhibit advanced decagonal quasicrystal geometry like that of Penrose Tilings

 Peter J. Lu at Harvard and Paul J. Steinhardt at Princeton found that Girih Tilings exhibit advanced decagonal quasicrystal geometry like that of Penrose Tilings
 Girih Tilings used five different tiles

 Peter J. Lu at Harvard and Paul J. Steinhardt at Princeton found that Girih Tilings exhibit advanced decagonal quasicrystal geometry like that of Penrose Tilings
 Girih Tilings used five different tiles
 Can be mapped to Penrose Tilings















#### http://www.sciencemag.org/cgi/content/full/315/5815/1106/DC1c



- Decagonal and Quasi-Crystalline Tilings in Medieval Islamic Architecture. Peter J. Lu, et al. Science 315, 1106 (2007).
- 2. Category: Periodic Tiling Image. Wikipedia.org, http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Category:Periodic\_tiling\_image
- 3. Penrose Tilings. Science U, http://www.scienceu.com/geometry/articles/tiling/penrose.html